

- IBGE, 2010a. Síntese de indicadores sociais. Uma análise das condições de vida da população brasileira, Rio de Janeiro (Br), Estudos e pesquisas, Informação Demográfica e Socioeconômica número 27.
- IBGE, 2010b. “Censo 2010”, <http://censo2010.ibge.gov.br/> (febreiro 2014).
- ICO, 2003. “Impact of the coffee crisis on poverty in producing countries”, International Coffee Organization, ICC, Rev. 1., 89-5.
- ICO, 2002. “The global coffee crisis: A Threat to sustainable development”, International Coffee Organization, Johannesburg (Sa), Submission to the World Summit on Sustainable Development.
- ICO, 2004. “Lessons from the world coffee crisis: A serious problem for sustainable development”, International Coffee Organization, Executive Director’s submission to UNCTAD 11TH Conference.
- ICO, 2009. “Coffee price volatility”, International Coffee Organization, 103rd International Coffee Council.
- ICO, 2010. “Cyclic patterns in the supply of coffee”, London (Uk), ICC 105-1, Sep 2010.
- ICO, 2011a. “Coffee value chain in selected importing countries”, London (Uk), International Coffee Council 106th session, 106-1, March 2011.
- ICO, 2011b. “Relação entre os preços do café nos mercados físico e de futuros”, London (Uk), International Coffee Organization, ICC 107-4, Sep 2011.
- ICO, 2011c. “Volatility of prices paid to coffee growers in selected exporting countries”, International Coffee Organization, 107th session of the International Coffee Council.
- Ifad, 2011. Rural Poverty Report 2011, Roma(It), New realities, new challenges: new opportunities for tomorrow’s generation, The International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD).
- Moguel P., Toledo V., 1999. “Biodiversity conservation in traditional Coffee Systems in Mexico”, *Conservation Biology*, vol. 13, pp. 11-21.
- Pearce D., Atkinson G., Mourato S., 2006. Cost-Benefit Analysis and the Environment. Recent developments, Paris (fr), OECD Publishing.
- Perfecto I., Rice R., Greenberg R., van der Voort M., 1996. “Shade coffee: A disappearing refuge for biodiversity”, *BioScience*, vol. 46, n. 8, pp. 598-608.
- Perfecto I., Vandermeer J., Mas A., Pintoet L., 2005. “Biodiversity, yield and coffee certification”, *Ecological Economics*, vol. 54, pp. 435-446.
- Perman R., Ma Y., mc Gilvray J., Common M., 2003. Natural resource and Environmental Economics, Harlow (UK), Pearson Education Limited.
- Pimbert M. P., 2008. “Towards Food Sovereignty. Reclaiming autonomous food systems”, London (Uk), IIED.
- Pretty J., 2008. “Agroecological approaches to Agricultural Development”, Background Paper for the world development report 2008.
- Pretty J., Noble A. D., Bossio D., Dixon J., Hine R. E., Penning De Vries F. W., Morrison J. I., 2006. “Resource-Conserving agriculture increases yields in developing countries”, *Environmental Science and Technology*, vol. 40, n. 4, pp. 1114-1119.
- Reichhuber A., Requate T., 2012. “Alternative use system for the remaining Ethiopian cloud forest and the role of Arabica coffee-A cost - benefit analysis”, *Ecological Economics*, vol. 74, pp. 102-113.
- Rodigheri H. R., 1997. Rentabilidade Econômica comparativa entre plantios florestais e sistemas agroflorestais com erva-mate e pinus e as culturas do feijão, milho, soja e trigo, Colombo (Br), Circular técnica 26 EMBRAPA.
- Vorley B., 2003. Food, inc. Corporate concentration from farm to consumer, London (UK), IIED, Uk Food Group.
- Wezel A., Bellon S., Doré T., Francis C., Vallod D., David C., 2009. “Agroecology as a science, a movement and a practice. A review”, *Agronomy for Sustainable Development*, vol. 29, n. 4, pp. 1-13.